SOPHOS

Cybersecurity made simple.

Sophos for Virtual Environments

configuration guide for users with Sophos Central
1 About this guide

This guide tells you how to configure Sophos for Virtual Environments.

The guide assumes that you use Sophos Central to manage your security software.

If you use Sophos Enterprise Console, see the configuration guide for Sophos Enterprise Console users.
2 Configure policies

You configure Sophos for Virtual Environments by using Sophos Central policies.

You can only use the Threat Protection policy type, but you can create multiple policies if you want to.

By default, Sophos Central applies a base Threat Protection policy to all your Security VMs. The settings in the policy are then used for the guest VMs.

These settings offer:

- Detection of known malware.
- In-the-cloud checks to enable detection of the latest malware known to Sophos.
- Proactive detection of malware that has not been seen before.
- Automatic cleanup of malware.

Related tasks
Create or edit a policy (page 2)

You configure Sophos for Virtual Environments by using Sophos Central policies.

Related reference
Policy settings (page 2)
The options that you can use for Security VMs

2.1 Create or edit a policy

You configure Sophos for Virtual Environments by using Sophos Central policies.

You can only use the Threat Protection policy type, but you can create multiple policies if you want to.

To create or edit a Threat Protection policy:

1. Open Sophos Central and go to Server Protection > Policies.
2. Click on a Threat Protection policy or click Add Policy to create a new one.
3. On the Servers tab, select the Security VMs you want to apply the policy to.
4. On the Settings tab, enter the settings you want.

2.2 Policy settings

The options that you can use for Security VMs

Live Protection

Live Protection checks suspicious files against the latest malware information in the SophosLabs database.
## Real-time scanning

The options for **Real-time scanning** are as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable or disable</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scan local, or scan local and remote</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On read</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On write</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Real-time scanning - Internet

The options for **Real-time scanning - Internet** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scan downloads in progress</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Block access to malicious websites</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detect low-reputation files</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Remediation

The options for **Remediation** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatic cleanup of malware</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Real-time scanning - Options

The options for **Real-time scanning - Options** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatically exclude activity by known applications</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Scheduled scanning

The options for **Scheduled scanning** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable scheduled scan</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Runtime protection

The options for **Runtime protection** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Detect network traffic to command and control servers</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protect document files from ransomware (CryptoGuard)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Sophos Security Heartbeat</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Scanning exclusions

The options for **Scanning exclusions** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Global scanning exclusions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To edit these, go to <strong>Settings &gt; Global scanning exclusions</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy scanning exclusions (Windows and Linux)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Heartbeat exclusions (Windows only)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exclude DNS server (Windows only)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Desktop messaging

The options for **Desktop messaging** are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Supported?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable desktop messaging for Threat Protection</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Check that guest VMs are protected

This section tells you how to check that your guest VMs are protected. You can:

• Check the protection settings on a guest VM.
• Test real-time scanning on a guest VM.
• Troubleshoot real-time scanning.

3.1 Check the protection settings

You can check that Windows client guest VMs are protected. This does not apply to Windows Server guest VMs.

1. Go to the guest VM and search for Security and Maintenance from the start menu. If this option is not found search for Action Center.

   **Attention**
   If neither of these options are found then the guest VM doesn't provide Windows Security Center. You must check whether the guest VM is protected using the steps described in Test real-time scanning (page 5).

2. Click the drop-down arrow beside Security. You should see that Sophos for Virtual Environments is on.

   **Note**
   If it is not on, see Troubleshoot real-time scanning (page 6).

3.2 Test real-time scanning

Check that real-time scanning works on a Security VM.

Real-time scanning is your main method of protection against threats. When you open, write, move, or rename a file the Security VM scans the file and grants access to it only if it does not pose a threat. When you run a program the Security VM scans the executable file and any other files it loads.

   **Important**
   Ensure that Sophos Endpoint for Windows is not installed on any guest VMs that are protected with a Security VM.

To check that a Security VM is scanning files on access:

2. Copy the EICAR test string to a new file. Give the file a name with a .com extension and save it to one of the guest VMs.
3. Try to access the file from the guest VM.
4. Sign in to Sophos Central.
   • If you have automatic cleanup on, go to the Servers page and click the Security VM to open its details page. On its Events tab, you should see that EICAR has been detected and cleaned up.
   • If you don't have automatic cleanup on, look at the Alerts page. You should see an alert on the Security VM. EICAR has been detected but not cleaned up.

If EICAR has not been detected, see Troubleshoot real-time scanning (page 6). If EICAR is not cleaned up, simply delete it.

3.3 Troubleshoot real-time scanning

If real-time scanning is not working:
1. Ensure that real-time scanning is enabled in the server policy applied to the Security VM:
   a) In Sophos Central, go the Servers page, find the Security VM and click on it to display its details.
   b) In the Summary tab, under Summary, you can see the Threat Protection Policy applied to the server. Click the policy name.
   c) In the policy, find the Real-time scanning section. Ensure that Scan is enabled.
   d) Check that the Security VM is compliant with the policy.
2. Ensure that the guest VM is protected. Go to the Security VM host and look in the log file. For details, see View protected guest VMs (page 7).
3. Ensure that Windows Security Center shows the guest VM as protected by Sophos for Virtual Environments.
4. Check that there are no pending restarts requested by Microsoft updates. These can prevent installation of the Sophos Guest VM Agent from being completed.
5. Check that aren't any other anti-virus products installed. On server platforms where the security center is not present check that Windows Defender isn't active. Remember that you cannot use Sophos for Virtual Environments to protect guest VMs that run other anti-virus products.
6. If on-access scanning is still not working, contact Sophos Technical Support.
4 View guest VMs

You can view details of all the guest VMs as follows:

- View connected guest VMs (page 7). You can do this in Sophos Central.
- View protected guest VMs (page 7).

"Connected" guest VMs have the Sophos agent installed and can connect to the Security VM. Usually, a connected guest VM is also protected. However, if the agent is newly installed, or there is a problem, scanning for threats may not have started yet.

4.1 View connected guest VMs

You can view all the guest VMs that are connected to a Security VM as follows.

1. Sign in to Sophos Central.
2. Go to Server Protection > Servers.
3. Find the Security VM in the list and click on it to view its details.
4. On the Summary tab, under Virtual Environments Status, find Connected Guest VMs. Click on the number shown.

Note
If no guest VMs are powered on, or if you’re still installing agents on them, you may see zero guest VMs.

5. You see a list of VM names and IP addresses.
   You can search the list for a particular guest VM, or use the filter to display desktop or server guest VMs.

4.2 View protected guest VMs

You can view all guest VMs that are protected by a Security VM.

1. Browse to the Security VM. You must use Windows Explorer and you must use the IP address.
2. Double-click the Logs share.
3. When prompted, enter your credentials.
   - Username is "sophos".
   - Password is the access password you set when you installed the Security VM.
4. Open ProtectedGVMs.log to view the protected guest VMs.

Note
The ProtectedGVMs.log file only appears when the Security VM starts protecting guest VMs.
5 Scan guest VMs

The Security VM always scans files on access, that is, when they are opened and closed.

The Security VM can also perform a full scan of all guest VMs. You can either run a scan immediately or at set times.

The full system scan detects but doesn't clean up threats.

Note
The Security VM staggers scans so that the host is not placed under a high load. By default, two guest VMs are scanned at a time. Therefore, it may take longer for the scanning of all guest VMs managed by the Security VM to complete.

- To run a full scan of all the guest VMs immediately:
  a) Sign in to Sophos Central.
  b) Go to the Servers page.
  c) Find the Sophos Security VM and click on it to open its details page.
  d) In the left pane, click Scan Now.

- To run a full scan of all the guest VMs at set times:
  a) Sign in to Sophos Central.
  b) Go to the Servers page.
  c) Find the Sophos Security VM and click on it to view its details page.
  d) On the Summary tab, look under Summary for the Threat Protection policy that applies. Click on it to edit it.
  e) In the policy, go to the Scheduled scanning section. Enable scanning and specify the times when the scan will be run.
6 What happens when a threat is detected

If the Security VM detects a threat on one of the guest VMs, it does as follows:

• Blocks the threat.
• Attempts to clean up the threat automatically.
• Sends an alert to Sophos Central if you need to take any action.

Note
The Security VM does not automatically clean up threats detected during a full scan of all guest VMs.

What you see in Sophos Central

Sophos Central:

• Shows that the threat has been blocked. See the Events tab of the details page for the Security VM.
• Displays an alert in the Alerts page. This shows what the threat is, which VM it is on, and whether it is cleanable.
• Removes the alert if automatic cleanup is successful.

If automatic cleanup is not available or is not successful, an alert in the Alerts page prompts you to clean up manually.

For more information on cleanup, see Clean up a threat (page 10).

What the user sees on the guest VM

If the Security VM detects a threat when a user tries to access a file, it blocks access to that file from the Guest VM. If the application used to access the file can do so, it notifies the user that the file is no longer accessible.
7 Clean up a threat

This section describes both automatic and manual cleanup of threats.

For information about a threat and advice on cleanup, log in to Sophos Central, go to the Alerts page, look for the threat alert, and click on the threat name.

Automatic cleanup

The Security VM automatically cleans up threats it detects.

Note

Automatic cleanup is not available on CDs, read-only file systems and media or on remote file systems.

Manual cleanup

You can clean up a guest VM manually.

To clean up manually, you restore the guest VM. Note that you may lose data (see details below).

Use one of these methods:

• Delete the guest VM and reclone it from the template image. You will lose your data.
• Revert the guest VM to the previous known clean snapshot. You will lose data added since the taking the snapshot.

Whichever method you use, run a full scan of the guest VM afterwards to ensure that it is clean.
8 Uninstall the Security VM

Before you start, ensure that guest VMs will continue to be protected. Go to the Security VM and View protected guest VMs (page 7). Then move guest VMs to another Security VM with similar policy settings.

To uninstall a Security VM, you delete it.

To move your guest VMs:

1. Uninstall the Guest VM Agent, see Uninstall the Guest VM Agent.
2. Reinstall the Guest VM Agent with the new Security VM IP address.

Once you have moved your guest VMs you can delete the Security VM. To do this:

3. Go to your hypervisor.
4. Power down the Security VM.
5. Delete the VM.
9 Uninstall the Guest VM Agent

You can uninstall the Guest VM Agent from Control Panel.
1. On the guest VM, open Control Panel.
2. Click Programs and Features.
3. Select these features and click Uninstall:
   • Sophos for Virtual Environments
   • Sophos Guest VM Scanning Service
   • Sophos Virus Removal Tool.
10 Appendix: Add Security VMs for guest VM migration

At any time you can add more Security VMs that will be available to protect migrating guest VMs.

If you are planning to create more Sophos Security VMs in the future you should reserve IP addresses for the Sophos Security VMs you are likely to add. To do this create a prepopulated master version of this file. This file should contain all the IP addresses of Sophos Security VMs you have, and will have in the future. You can then copy this file to each Sophos Security VM as it is created.

**Important**

You need to perform these steps on the Security VM that you want to add and on the existing Security VMs.

1. Open a console to the Security VM.
2. Log on:

   Username is “sophos”.

   Password is the access password you set when you installed the Security VM.

3. Open the additional_svms.txt configuration file for editing, by running the following command: `sudo vi /opt/sophos-svms/etc/additional_svms.txt`

4. Edit the file to add or remove IP addresses of Security VMs that are available to protect migrating guest VMs, with one IP address per line and no additional separating characters.

   a) Press `i` to open edit mode in `vi`.

   b) Put one IP address per line with no additional separating characters. For example:

      1.2.3.4
      5.6.7.8

   c) You don’t need to include the IP address for the Security VM you’re currently logged in to.

   d) Press `Esc` to get out of edit mode in `vi`.

   e) Save and close the file by entering `:wq`.

5. Check the SVM log (`/var/log/ssvm.log`) to see if there were any errors in processing the additional Security VMs list.

   If there are no errors, the updated list is sent to all connected guest VMs so that they can get protection from the new Security VMs.
11 Appendix: Add CPUs to the Security VM

If you have many guest VMs on a host, you should ensure that the Security VM has enough processing power to scan the files they use when they all start up.

To do this, add more CPUs for the Security VM. You can do this any time.

Depending on the type of load, adding CPUs can also improve overall system performance.

Add CPUs in VMware ESXi

Add CPUs as follows:
1. Power off the Security VM.
2. In vSphere Client, select the Security VM.
3. Select Edit Settings > Hardware > CPUs. Then specify the number of CPUs.

Add CPUs in Microsoft Hyper-V

Add CPUs as follows:
1. Click Start, select Administrative Tools, and then click Hyper-V Manager.
2. In the results pane, under Virtual Machines, select the Security VM.
3. In the Action pane, under the VM name, click Settings.
4. Click Processor and specify the number of processors.
12 Support

You can find technical support for Sophos products in any of these ways:

• Visit the Sophos Community at community.sophos.com/ and search for other users who are experiencing the same problem.

• Visit the Sophos support knowledge base at www.sophos.com/en-us/support.aspx.


• Open a ticket with our support team at https://secure2.sophos.com/support/contact-support/support-query.aspx.
13 Legal notices

Copyright © 2020 Sophos Limited. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise unless you are either a valid licensee where the documentation can be reproduced in accordance with the license terms or you otherwise have the prior permission in writing of the copyright owner.

Sophos, Sophos Anti-Virus and SafeGuard are registered trademarks of Sophos Limited, Sophos Group and Utimaco Safeware AG, as applicable. All other product and company names mentioned are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Third-party licenses

For third-party licenses that apply to your use of this product, please refer to the following folder on the Sophos Security VM: /usr/share/doc.

Some software programs are licensed (or sublicensed) to the user under the GNU General Public License (GPL) or similar Free Software licenses which, among other rights, permit the user to copy, modify, and redistribute certain programs, or portions thereof, and have access to the source code. The GPL requires for any software licensed under the GPL, which is distributed to a user in an executable binary format, that the source code also be made available to those users. For any such software which is distributed along with this Sophos product, the source code is available by following the instructions in knowledge base article 124427.